

desired reform, thereby opening the way for all improved methods of grading, storing, transporting and transferring grain in bulk." ¹⁰

The shipment of grain in bulk had by 1861 created the specialized structure we call "the elevator." That mid-western building type that used the technology for moving and storing grain that Norton had developed, but housed it in higher buildings with a wooden metal-clad fabric. These elevators were the tallest buildings in many a small farm town. The architecture now was defined by the function. The head house was not a separate part of the structure, but an integral part of the building.

One of the earliest of these wooden elevators on the canal still stands in Seneca, Illinois, about 70 miles west of Chicago. There were many of these along the I & M Canal in its heyday, but this is the last one left. It was built in 1862 by John Armour of Ottawa. It was called "Armour's Warehouse" until 1872, when the designation was changed to "Armour's Grain Elevator."¹¹ The structure is a specialized one that could only be used as a grain elevator or as a museum, as it is currently. This contrasts with the multiple uses the Norton and Gaylord buildings were put to after the grain business on the ca

FOOTNOTES

- 1. 2000 Mackey, Frank. *Steamboat Connections*. Montreal: McGill-Queens University Press. 282-283.
- 2. 1839 Canal Commissioners. *Report of the Canal Commissioners of the Illinois and Michigan Canal to the Legislature of Illinois*. (Vandalia, Illinois: State of Illinois), 12-13.
- 3. 1884 Andreas, A. T. *History of Chicago from the Earliest Period to the Present Time*, Vol. I. (Chicago: A.T. Andreas), 579-580.
- Lee, Guy H., ed. "John Davis' Diary of An Illinois and Michigan Canal Investigation 1843-1844." *Papers in Illinois History*. (Springfield, Illinois: Illinois State Historical Society), 62.
- 5. The Norton Building currently houses the Illinois State Museum Lockport Gallery, offices and apartments.
- 6. 1859-1865 *Yearly Inventory of the Norton Co., Jan. 1859 to Jan. 1865.* Mss. Located in the Lewis University Canal on Regional History Collection. It always lists at least five canal boats.
- 7. 1986 Phillippe, J.S. Archeological Investigation of the Gaylord Building Lockport, Illinois. Normal, Illinois: Midwest Archeological Research Center.
- 8. 1872 Goodspeed, James. *Will County General Directory for 1872-73*. (Joliet, Illinois: Republican Book and Printing House), 106.
- 9. 1995 Historic American Building Survey, *Rutherford Barn*. I & M Canalrey